WHAT IS CABLE MANAGEMENT?

• No matter what robot you are building (for fun, for a class, or competition), you have to be able wire your robot well

• There are three reasons:
  • Aesthetics – The robot needs to look nice
  • Convenience – The wires should not be in the way of operating the robot
  • Identification – If you need to replace a part on the robot or rewire, you should be able to trace which wire goes where
EV3 CABLES

- The EV3 Edu Core set (#45544) and the Retail set (#31313) come with the following cable lengths
  - 4 x 25 cm/10 in. cables, 2 x 35 cm/14 in. cables, and 1 x 50 cm/20 in. cables.

- If you break the tip on the cables or you need extra wires, you can buy replacements from LEGO: http://shop.lego.com/en-US/EV3-CablePack-45514
IDENTIFICATION

• Some people like to use LEGO rubber bands to indicate which wire is for which sensor or motor.

• We do not use this technique as LEGO rubber bands are expensive and fragile, and not that easy to replace. You only get a small number in each set and there are lots of other uses for them.

• Instead, consider wrapping your wire with colored LEGO pieces.
SHORTEN CABLES

• Use the most appropriate length cable for the connection first
• However, if the cables are too long…
  • You can wrap them around each other or beams
CABLE HOLDERS FOR BUNDLING

- Cable holders can identify what they are (use different colors for each sensor/motor)
- They can be used to keep multiple wires together
- They can be used to attach the wire to a beam (see next page for examples)
- LEGO gear boxes can find a new use as cable holders. In the images, cables are fed through a gear box piece. They are spacious enough to hold multiple cables.

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CABLE GUIDE RAILS

- Building guide rails for long EV3 wires helps to keep them out of the way of movable parts of the robot and makes them always stay in the same spot on your robot.
If you design a robot where you have to frequently change your motors/sensors out, you need a way to plug the cables in efficiently.

The technique in the image on the right keeps the spacing between the wires correct at all times and lets you install them all at the same time.

Using different colors lets you color code which wire goes to which sensor or motor.
This tutorial was created by Sanjay Seshan and Arvind Seshan.

Photos and ideas from FIRST Tech Challenge 8393 Giant Diencephalic BrainSTEM Robotics (Former FIRST LEGO League Team).

More lessons at www.ev3lessons.com

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